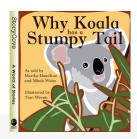


Lesson Plans and Teacher Guides

Lesson Type: Differentiated Learning

Second Grade



ABOUT THE BOOK

GUIDED READING:

LEXILE LEVEL: 530L

CHARACTER TRAITS:

Fairness Resourcefulness Sharing

REGION:

Australia

ISBN:

978-0-874838-79-4

COMMON CORE STANDARDS

NOTE:

Find correlating Common Core Standards at the head of each activity section.

Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail

Written by Martha Hamilton and Mitch Weiss

Outcome

Students will demonstrate an understanding of the story through discussion, reading, writing, phonics, drawing, graphing, and acting.

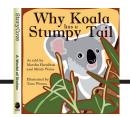
Overview

Students will read and explore a folktale from Australia while utilizing interdisciplinary connections in language arts, math, social studies, art, and dramatic arts.

Materials

General

- Book, Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail
- · World map or globe
- Pencils
- · Lined and unlined paper
- Crayons or markers
- 8 Small transparent tokens of one color per student (each pair of students should have two colors)
- Scissors
- · 22 Index cards
- Per
- Library books about animals
- Blackboard or Whiteboard



Second Grade

Optional: Extension Activities

- Computer with Internet access
- Hamilton, Martha and Mitch Weiss. How and Why Stories. "Why Bear Has a Stumpy Tail," Little Rock: August House, 1999. 74-75.

Assessment Tools

- "Adjectives" worksheet
- "Reading Directions" worksheet
- "Reading Checkers" worksheet
- "Collective Nouns" worksheet
- "Consonant Blends" worksheet

Table of Contents

Introduction • 3

Discussion Questions • 5

Language Arts • 7

Phonics • 12

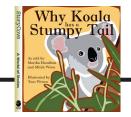
Math • 13

Social Studies • 14

Dramatic Arts • 16

Art • 17

Extension Activity • 18



Second Grade

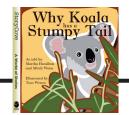
Introduction

Introducing the Story

Materials:

· World map or globe

- · Teacher asks students what they know about Australia.
- Helps students locate Australia on a world map or globe. Shares the following facts about Australia as appropriate:
 - Australia is an island, a country, and a continent. It is the world's 6th largest country, but the smallest continent.
 - Australia's nickname is the "Land Down Under" because it is located in the Southern Hemisphere.
 Winter occurs June – September and summer occurs December – March.
 - People in Australia speak English with a distinct accent.
 - Many parts of Australia do not receive much rainfall.
 In some locations droughts occur seasonally and in other locations droughts occur occasionally.
 - Much of the wildlife found in Australia is only found there and nowhere else. Many people associate Australia with marsupials.
- Asks students what marsupials are (animals whose young are born while still in an underdeveloped state.
 The babies complete their development inside a pouch in their mother's abdomen.)



Second Grade

 Asks students to name marsupials. (Australian marsupials include, (but are not limited to): koalas, kangaroos, and wallabies.) Teacher asks students to share what they know about these animals.

Teacher Reads the Story

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

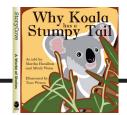
RF.2.4.B:

Oral fluency

Materials:

• Book, Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail

- Teacher tells students that they will be reading a folktale from Australia.
- · Teacher distributes the books to students.
- Students take turns each reading one page aloud.



Second Grade

Discussion Questions

COMMON CORE STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

RL.2.1:

Key details

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

RL.2.3:

Character response

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

RJ. 2.7:

Illustrations

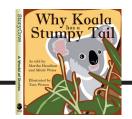
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

RL.2.2:

Recount stories, central message

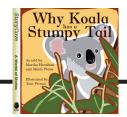
For Assessing Comprehension

- Where does this story take place? If you were not told that it takes place in Australia, how would you know?
- Who are the main characters in the story?
- Describe Tree Kangaroo.
- · Describe Koala.
- What kind of relationship did Tree Kangaroo and Koala have at the beginning of the story?
- What is this story about?
- What did Koala have at the beginning of the story that he did not have at the end of the story?
- One year there was no rain. What happened because of this?
- How would your environment be different if it did not rain for a year?
- Why were Koala and Tree Kangaroo worried about the lack of rain?
- Look at the illustration on page three. How can you tell that the leaves are drying up?
- What idea did Tree Kangaroo have to find water?
- How much water were they hoping to find in the streambed?
- The streambed was as dry as the desert. What does that mean?
- · Who started digging in the streambed?
- What deal did Koala make with Tree Kangaroo about digging?
- Was it hard or easy for Tree Kangaroo to dig in the dry streambed?



Second Grade

- What did Koala do while Tree Kangaroo was digging?
- After Koala woke up from his nap, he started to climb down from the tree. What excuse did he give for not digging?
- · What was the third excuse that Koala gave for not digging?
- When Koala said that he needed to rest a little longer, do you think he intended to help?
- How did Tree Kangaroo feel when Koala did not help him dig?
- What did Koala do when Tree Kangaroo found water?
- How did Tree Kangaroo feel when Koala pushed him out of the way and began gulping the water?
- What did Tree Kangaroo do?
- What happened to Koala's tail?
- Why did Koala lose a good friend?
- What two words did the author use to describe Koala on the last page of the story?
- · What lesson did Koala learn?
- What lesson did Tree Kangaroo learn?
- Choose another title for this story.



Second Grade

Language Arts

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

RL.2.6:

Point of view

CCSS.ELA-

LITERACY.W.2.3:

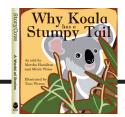
Narratives

Story Rewrite

Materials:

- Pencils
- · Lined paper
- · Crayons or markers

- Teacher shares the following information about koalas with students:
 - The koala's diet consists almost exclusively of eucalyptus leaves.
 - Eucalyptus leaves are not very nutritious and do not provide a lot of energy for the koalas.
 - Since they do not get much energy from their diet, koalas spend about 18 hours each day sleeping.
 - Koalas receive most of their hydration from eucalyptus leaves. Koalas only drink when ill or when there is not enough moisture in the leaves, such as in times of drought.
- Teacher asks students to read the information in the back of the book, on pages 21-24.
- Teacher instructs students to keep all of this information in mind as they rewrite the story from the point of view of Koala.
- Students share their stories with the class and discuss how their versions differ from the original story.



Second Grade

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-

LITERACY.L.2.1.E:

Adjectives/

adverbs

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

RL.2.2:

Recount stories, central message

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

SL.2.1:

Collaborative conversations

Adjectives (Differentiated Learning)

Materials:

- · Book, Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail
- "Adjectives" worksheet
- · Pencils
- · Lined paper

Directions:

- · Teacher reviews adjectives with students.
- · Students give examples of adjectives from the story.
- · Teacher divides the class into three groups.

Group A:

- Reread the book with the teacher.
- Find the adjectives on each page.
- Tell who or what they describe.

Group B:

- Complete "Adjectives" worksheet with a partner.
- Use the book to find the adjectives that describe the words listed.

Group C:

 Complete "Adjectives" worksheet individually as per Group B.

Reading Directions

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

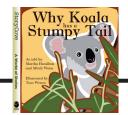
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.
RL.2.7:

Illustrations

Materials:

- · "Reading Directions" worksheet
- · Crayons or markers

Page 8 of 24 Story Cove | Lesson Plans



Second Grade

Directions:

Read and follow the directions to complete the picture.
 Be sure to read all the directions before beginning to draw.

Reading Checkers

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. RF.2.3:

Phonics and word recognition

COMMON CORE

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. RL.2.3:

CCSS.ELA-

LITERACY.L.2.1.F:

Complete sentences CCSS.ELA-

LITERACY.L.2.1.G:

Legible handwriting CCSS.ELA-

LITERACY.L.2.2:

Punctuation

Materials:

- · "Reading Checkers" worksheet
- 8 Small transparent tokens of one color per student (each pair of students should have two colors)

Directions:

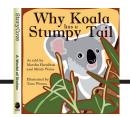
- · Class is divided into pairs.
- Tokens are distributed so that each student receives eight tokens of one color and no two students in a pair have the same color tokens.
- Using the "Reading Checkers" worksheet, each player places one token on each word square in the two rows closest to where he or she is sitting.
- Players read each word before placing the checkers on the word squares.
- Players play a traditional game of checkers while reading the word on each square on which the token lands.

Making Comparisons

Materials:

- · Book, Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail
- · Blackboard or Whiteboard

Page 9 of 24 Story Cove | Lesson Plans

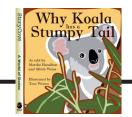


Second Grade

Directions:

Teacher:

- And students read the "About the Story" section on pages 21-24.
- Gives students the following information about tree kangaroos and koalas:
 - A tree kangaroo, like a koala, is a marsupial.
 Each newborn kangaroo and koala is very small when born and lives in its mother's pouch for several months while it fully develops.
 - A koala usually leaves its mother's pouch when it is 7 months old.
 - A kangaroo usually leaves its mother's pouch when it is about a year old.
 - Tree kangaroos and koalas spend much of their time in trees.
 - Tree kangaroos feed mostly on leaves and fruit and sometimes other foods such as grain and flowers. Koalas eat eucalyptus leaves almost exclusively.
- When on the ground, tree kangaroos travel by hopping. Tree kangaroos are different from many other types of kangaroos because they can move each back leg independently.
- And students work together using story information and pictures, the "About the Story" pages, as well as this additional information about koalas and tree kangaroos to create a Venn diagram to compare koalas and tree kangaroos.
- Ask students to create comparing sentences about koalas and tree kangaroos from the information on the Venn diagram.



Second Grade

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

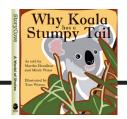
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.1.A: Collective nouns

Collective Nouns

Materials:

- "Collective Nouns" worksheet
- Pencils

- Teacher tells students that a group of kangaroos is called "a troop."
- Students work with a partner to complete the "Collective Nouns" worksheet by choosing words from the word bank to match each collective noun to the group of animals it describes.



Second Grade

Phonics

COMMON CORE STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. RF.2.3:

Phonics and word recognition

Consonant Blends

Materials:

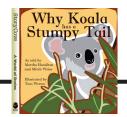
- Book, Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail
- · "Consonant Blends" worksheet
- Scissors
- Pencils
- · Lined paper

Directions:

• Teacher reminds students what "blends" are.

Students:

- Identify the words in the story that begin with consonant blends.
- Cut out the squares with consonant blends and single letters on the "Consonant Blends" worksheet.
- Combine the consonant blends and single letters to make words.
- Write the words they have created on a separate piece of paper.
- (Words that begin with blends include: tree, stumpy, stream, friend, dry, drink, break, stuck, grabbed, and broke)



Second Grade

Math

Bar Graphs

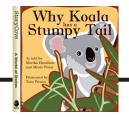
Materials:

- · Blackboard or Whiteboard
- · Yardstick or tape measure

Directions:

Teacher:

- Tells students that the average size for a male koala is about 30 inches long. The average size of a female koala is about 19 inches long.
- Helps students measure each other and record the results on the board.
- And students work together to create a bar graph showing the average size of koalas and the height of all class members.
- And students analyze the data and make comparisons between the height of class members and the average height of male and female koalas.



Second Grade

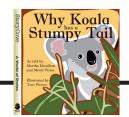
Social Studies

Talk Like an Australian

Materials:

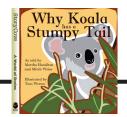
- · 22 Index cards
- Pen

- Teacher writes the following words, one per index card:
 - Barbecue
 - Barbie
 - · Countryside
 - Bush
 - Friend
 - Mate
 - Hello
 - G'day
 - Sweater
 - Jumper
 - Candy
 - Lollies
 - · Large farm
 - Station
 - Billabong
 - Waterhole
 - Bonzer
 - Great
 - Grizzle



Second Grade

- To complain
- Yakka
- Hard work
- Students match up the Australian word with the American word that has the same meaning.
 - Barbecue barbie
 - Countryside bush
 - · Friend mate
 - Hello g'day
 - Sweater jumper
 - Candy Iollies
 - Large farm station
 - Billabong waterhole
 - Bonzer great
 - Grizzle to complain
 - Yakka hard work



Second Grade

Dramatic Arts

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. RL.2.2:

Recount stories, central message

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

SL.2.1:

Collaborative conversations

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

SL.2.4:

Facts and relevant details CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. SL.2.6:

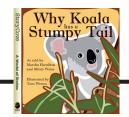
Complete sentences

Pourquoi Stories

Directions:

Teacher:

- Explains that Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail is a
 "pourquoi" ("pour kwa") story. Pourquoi means "why"
 in French. Pourquoi stories explain why an animal,
 plant, or natural object or element looks or acts the
 way that it does. These stories have been told since
 ancient times to help people understand why things
 are the way they are.
- Asks students what Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail explains.
- Gives examples of possible pourquoi story ideas. (Why a rainbow comes out after the rain, why snakes have no hands or feet, why zebras have stripes, why pigs grunt, etc.)
- Divides the class into small groups. Each group creates a pourquoi story of their choice and shares it with the class.



Second Grade

Art

COMMON CORE STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. RL.2.7:

Illustrations

Illustrating Character Traits

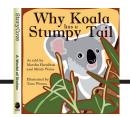
Materials:

- · Unlined paper
- Markers

Directions:

Teacher:

- Tells students that the story Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail teaches about the character traits of fairness, resourcefulness, and sharing.
- · Asks students what each word means.
- Asks students how these character traits relate to the story.
- Asks students how these character traits relate to their lives.
- Tells students to draw a picture showing one of the character traits.
- Asks students to share their picture with the class and explain how the picture illustrates one of the character traits.



Second Grade

Extension Activity

COMMON CORE STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. RF.2.4.A:

Fluency

Compare and Contrast

Materials:

· Book, How & Why Stories

Directions:

- Teacher reads "Why Bear Has a Stumpy Tail" on pages 74-75 in How & Why Stories by Martha Hamilton and Mitch Weiss.
- Students compare and contrast this folktale from Norway with Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail. Both tales feature an animal losing its long tale, but the plots are very different.

Technology Connection

COMMON CORE STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY. RL.2.6:

Point of view

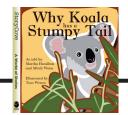
Materials:

· Computer with Internet access

Directions:

Students:

- Access www.storycove.com with help from the teacher.
- View the animation for Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail narrated by the authors.
- Think about how the storytellers use their voices to convey emotions throughout the story.
- Explore the animations and activities for other stories on www.storycove.com.



Second Grade

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-

LITERACY.W.2.7:

Research

CCSS.ELA-

LITERACY.W.2.8:

Recall information

Animal Family Names

Materials:

- · Blackboard or Whiteboard
- · Library books about animals
- · Optional: Computer with Internet access

Directions:

- Teacher informs students that a baby kangaroo is called a "joey." A mother kangaroo is a doe and the father is a buck.
- Makes three columns on the board and writes the headings "Mother," "Father," and "Baby," at the head of a column.
- Asks students to research the names for other animal mothers, fathers, and babies, and write them on the board.

Word Making

COMMON CORE

STANDARDS

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.

RF.2.3:

Phonics and word recognition

Materials:

- · Blackboard or Whiteboard
- · Lined paper
- Pencils

- Teacher writes the word "marsupial" on the board and asks students what it means.
- Asks students to use the letters in the word "marsupial" and write as many other words as they can in two minutes using only the letters in "marsupial." (example: map, lap, mail, sail, pal....)



Second Grade

Name_	Date
	Adjectives
Directi	ons: Using the book, Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail, find and
write t	ne adjectives that describe the words given.
Page 1	friends:
	tail: and
	tail:
Page 4	season:
	streambed:
Page 5	drink:
Page 6	water:
Page 8	Koala said he was and
Page 9	work: water:
Page 14	hole:
Page 15	Tree Kangaroo:
	Koala:
Page 18	Tree Kangaroo:
Page 20	Koala's tail: and
	Koala: and



Second Grade

Name	Date
Reading D	
Directions : Read and follow the directions before	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 Draw a large tree with many greer Draw a koala in the tree. 	n leaves.
3. Color the koala gray.	
4. Draw a dry streambed in front of	the tree.
5. Draw a tree kangaroo next to the	streambed.
6. Color the tree kangaroo brown.	



					•	-			•
Se	Ю	~	•			c	7	T.	Œ
- I -	17	•		٠.	•	•		٠.	٧-

Name	Date

Reading Checkers

	thorn		nospas		ətspt		dın6
	thorn		season		taste		gulp
Jree Kangaroo		niph		dsi¶ls2		Ydmuts	
Tree Kangaroo		rain		selfish		stumpy	
	bainb		oot		бпр		γzzib
	dried		too		dug		dizzy
рооб		Atod		sbnain1		dn	
good		both		friends		up	
	Aninb		биој		nataw		uoos
	drink		long		water		soon
loop		savasl		dmilo		lipt	
cool		leaves		climb		tail	
	Koala		idea		alod		smoonts
	Koala		idea		hole		streams
broke		kept		γΖυΙ		Ynnuì	
broke		kept		lazy		furry	



elephants

fish

penguins

geese

puppies

Why Koala Has a Stumpy Tail

Second Grade

leopards

wolves

lions

kangaroos

sheep

Name			_Date	
Co Directions: Work with a po to match each collective no		words fro		
		or animais	o ii desci	1063.
1. An army of				
2. A swarm of				
3. A pride of				
4. A tower of				
5. A colony of				
6. A litter of				
7. A school of				
8. A leap of	_			
9. A parcel of				
10. A herd of	and		and	
11. A pack of				
12. A flock of	and		and	
13. A pod of	_			
14. A crash of				
15. A troop of				
	Word Bank	;		
ants beavers bees	buffalo c	hickens	deer	dolphins

giraffes

rhinos



Second Grade

Name	Date
INGINE	Duie

Consonant Blends

tr	st	fr	str	dr	dr
br	st	gr	m	br	e
0	k	e	α	d	k
u	а	u	e	e	e
С	d	i	р	e	b
n	k	У	n	У	α
k	b	S	е	i	m